## North Hertfordshire District Council Licensing Act 2003 Decision Notice

Date of Hearing	Wednesday, 19 December 2017	
Members of Panel	Councillors D. Barnard, G. Morris and M. Muir	

Applicant(s) Name	Richard Maskell		
Premises Address	Poplars Farm, Roe Green, Sandon, Herts. SG9 0QG (Sandon Fields – Top Field – Area 1)		
Date of Application	6 December 2017		
APPLICATION FOR TEMPORARY EVENT NOTICES	This is an application for a Temporary Event Notice under Section 100 of the Licensing Act 2003.		
DETAILS OF APPLICATION	Date of Event:	9 and 10 June 2018	
	Time:	From 1200hrs on 9 June 2018 to 2259hrs on 10 June 2018	
	Duration of Event:	2 days	
	Licensable Activities:	The Sale by Retail of Alcohol (On premises)	
	Details of Event:	Community Music and Food Event	
DECISION	The Sub-Committee has read the material presented to it and has listened to all the evidence and submissions. The Sub-Committee has considered the Licensing Act 2003, the National Guidance, their Statement of Licensing Policy and has decided:  To issue a counter notice (prevent the temporary event)		
REASONS FOR DECISION	because they const the prevention of c objective, the prev protection of childre	e has decided to issue a counter notice ider it to be appropriate for the promotion of rime and disorder objective, the public safety ention of public nuisance objective and the en from harm objective.  on the Sub-Committee has taken into account the	

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	<ol> <li>It became apparent during the course of the hearing that the Applicants wished to amend the nature of their application, and as such agreed that a counter notice should be served in relation to the currently applied Temporary Event Notice.</li> <li>The Applicant's representative accepted that in its current form, it would have been impossible to control the number of people in the area of the Temporary Event Notice, and therefore could not have maintained it under 499 people at any one time.</li> </ol>	
CONDITIONS	None	
POLICE CLOSURE POWERS	The Sub-Committee notes that the Police have powers to close premises for up to 24 hours. They may exercise these powers when a temporary event notice is in effect and they are satisfied the event is disorderly, likely to become disorderly or causing nuisance as a result of noise from the premises. Such orders may only be made where it is appropriate in the interest of public safety in cases of disorder or to prevent nuisance in the case of noise coming from the premises.	